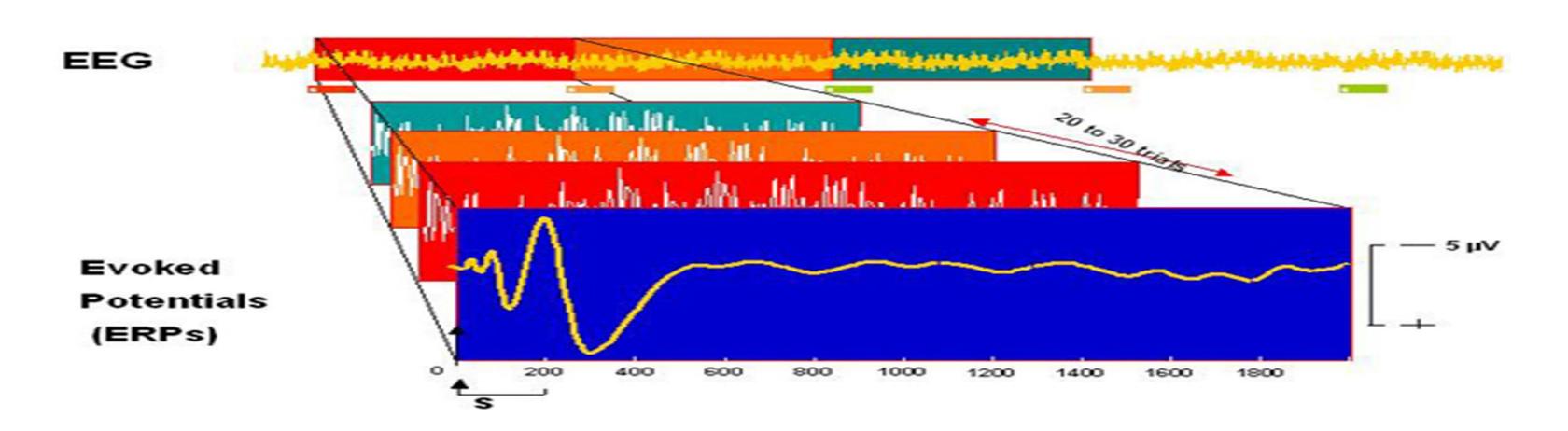
Can Event Related Potentials using a Language Paradigm Help Diagnose Mild Cognitive Impairment? Dr. Frank Knoefel, Principal Investigator

BACKGROUND

- 16.8% of those over 65 have Mild Cognitive Impairment (MCI) (Graham et al., 1997).
- Semantic memory can be affected in MCI (Joubert et al., 2008).
- Event-Related Potentials (ERPs) are derived from electroencephalogram (EEG) and provide a measure of cortical activity with a high level of temporal resolution.



• This study examines ERPs during a verbal recognition task in patients with MCI and healthy controls (HC). These components are associated with semantic memory (Kutas & Iragui, 1998).

METHODS

- 12 MCI patients from the Bruyère Memory Program and 16 HCs from the general population.
- Cognitive tests: MoCA, RBANS subtests, and Trail Making A & B.
- EEGs were recorded with NeuroScan NuAmps 4.3 and analyzed with Brain Analyzer 2.1.
- Participants indicated if words on the computer screen were repeated or non-repeated.
- N400 waves and Late Positive Complexes from the ERP were analyzed.

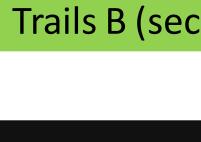
Carleton

UNIVERSITY

Participants

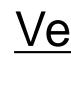
<u>Cognitive Tests Results</u>

	MCI (n=12;	HC (n=16;	Ρ	Test	MCI (n=12)	HC (n=16)	Ρ
	6 females)	11 females)		MoCA	22.5 (2.6)	27.6 (1.7)	<.001
				RBANS Total	79.8 (10.2)	114.3 (9.3)	<.001
Age	76.4 (6.3)	72.3 (6.1)	.09	Imm. Memory	71.2 (10.2)	108.8 (10.6)	<.001
Education	14.7 (2.6)	15.6 (3.1)	.40	Del. Memory	62.3 (15.6)	107.9 (12.9)	<.001
				Visiospat/Constr	110.2 (15.5)	124.9 (8.9)	.009
				Language	88.9 (9.5)	99.9 (12.6)	.018
				Attention	90.4 (12.0)	107.2 (12.0)	.001
				Trails A (sec)	55.9 (29.1)	38.13 (12.4)	.067
				Trails B (sec)	169.5 (81.6)	81.94 (23.9)	.003

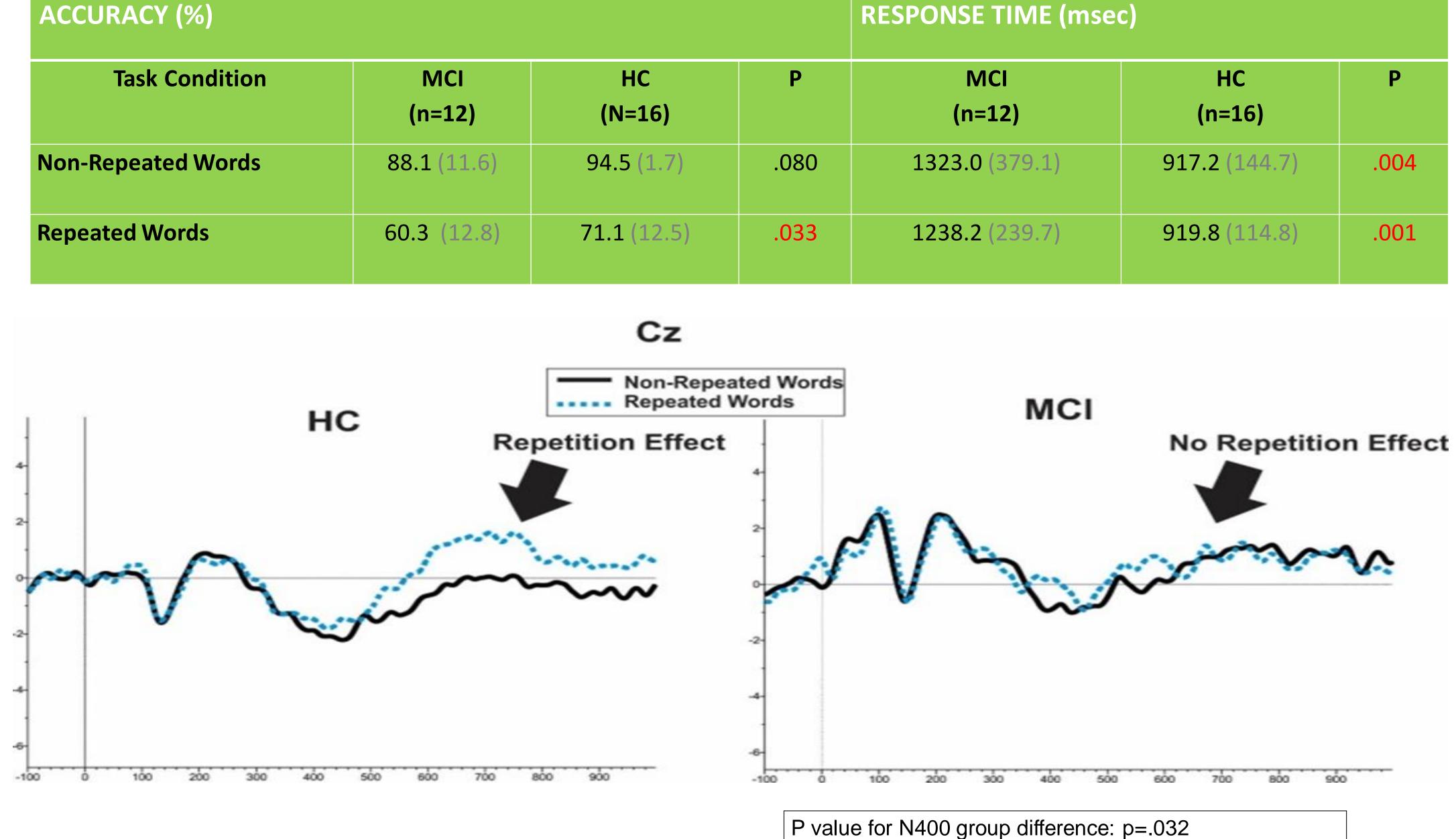




















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RESULTS

Verbal Recognition Performance

CURACY (%)							
Task Condition	MCI (n=12)	HC (N=16)	Ρ				
n-Repeated Words	88.1 (11.6)	94.5 (1.7)	.080				
peated Words	60.3 (12.8)	71.1 (12.5)	.033				

DISCUSSION

MCI group performed less well on traditional cognitive testing, was slower and made more mistakes than HC during the verbal recognition task.

MCI exhibited reduced N400 amplitude and did not exhibit the expected LPC word repetition effects seen in HC.

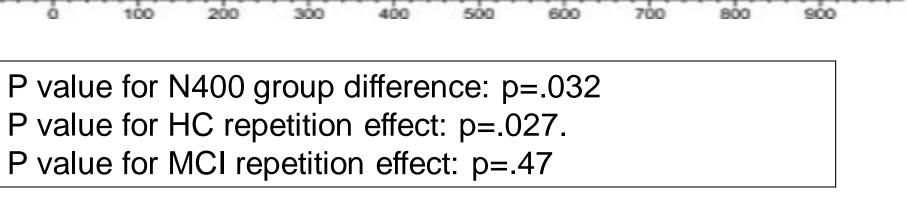
• Further work will be required to clarify the role of ERPs as a diagnostic tool for semantic impairment in MCI patients.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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